

REST & MEAL PERIODS
Revised December 2008

SECTION: 8

A. REST PERIODS/BREAKS

A 15-minute rest period is provided to each employee for every 4 hours of work, up to two per day. Rest periods are generally scheduled by the immediate supervisor or work lead. Rest periods may not be taken in conjunction with a lunch break or at the beginning or end of a work shift. Rest periods may not be allowed to accumulate; neither can they be carried over to another 4-hour period if not used.

B. MEAL PERIODS

1. Meal periods are scheduled by the immediate supervisor or work lead, with concurrence from the department head, to meet the needs of the City. Employees may not perform any work during their meal periods (example, may not answer phones while eating at their desk). Supervisors should ensure that employees are relieved of duty during their meal period. If not, the meal period is considered hours worked and must be recorded on their time card.
2. Special Provision for Employees Age 17 or younger. Utah State law requires that employees age 17 or younger be provided with a 30-minute meal period not later than five hours after beginning of his/her shift. Supervisors must ensure that these employees take the required meal period and are relieved of duty during their meal period.